

The five seasons in Nunavut correspond with the growth of the wildlife and plant life that the Inuit share the land with.

The Inuit have a connection to the land – a traditional knowledge passed down through generations. Each region in Nunavut has its own calendar as the seasons move across the Territory.

Arctic Wolf

The Arctic Wolf Arctic has the ability to run at speeds up to 64km/hr over short distances.



Ringed Seals

5' in length and 130 lbs in weight.

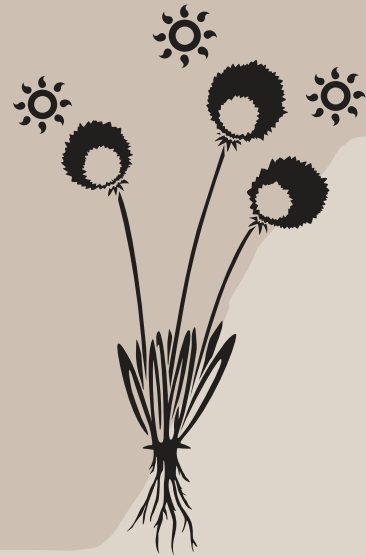


Berries

Nunavut enjoys a brief but intense summer growing season thanks to the midnight sun. Picking blueberries, blackberries, and crowberries is a family event.

Walrus

An adult walrus can reach 13' in length and over 4,000 lbs.

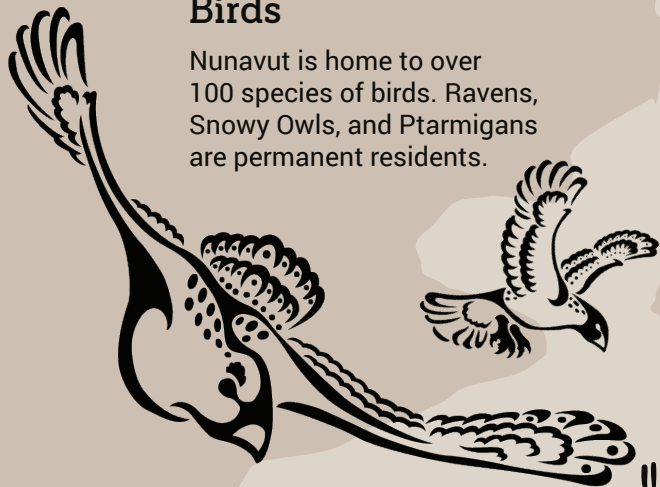


Flowers

Small and resilient flowers flourish in the summer months.

Birds

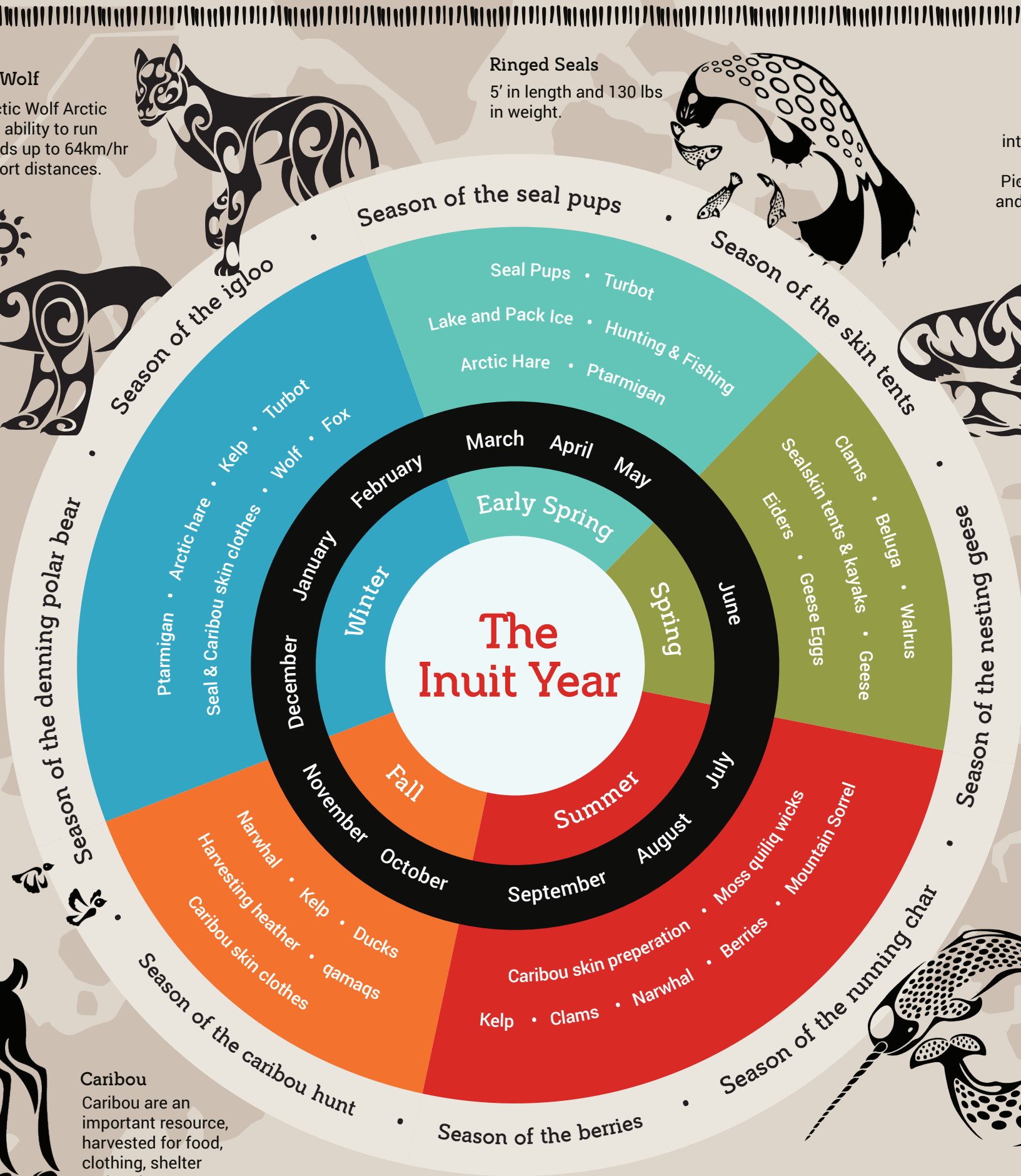
Nunavut is home to over 100 species of birds. Ravens, Snowy Owls, and Ptarmigans are permanent residents.



Omingmak Frolics
Mid-May
Welcome the return of spring in Cambridge Bay with three days of fun-filled festivities.



Caribou
Caribou are an important resource, harvested for food, clothing, shelter and tools.



Alianait
End of June
A celebration of Northern Artists under 24-hours of sunlight.

Toonik Tyme Festival
Early Spring
A celebration of the return of spring with traditional Inuit activities.

Narwhal
Narwhals feed at depths of 1,500 m under the ice in winter.



*Art work created by Jamesie Itulu of Pond Inlet, Nunavut. *Traditional knowledge of the seasons gathered for Auyuituq National Park.